


Missouri Opioid Overdose and Bloodborne Infection Vulnerability Assessments

Supplementary Data

Crawford County



Crawford County is located in east-central Missouri and between years 2013 to 2017 had an estimated population of 24,387. Crawford County ranks 47 in population size among Missouri’s 114 counties plus the independent city of St. Louis. The 2013-2017 unemployment rate in the county was 11.6%. This was higher than the statewide unemployment rate of 5.8%. In 2013-2017, the poverty rate was 20.0%, which was higher than the statewide poverty rate of 14.6%. The 2013-2017 median income of the county was \$37,171. The population distribution is as follows:

**Figure 1: Crawford County Population
2013-2017 5-Year Estimates**

Demographics – Total Population						
Sex	Count	Percent		Age Group	Count	Percent
Male	12,030	49.3		0 – 9 years	3,067	12.6
Female	12,357	50.7		10 – 14 years	1,602	6.6
				15 – 19 years	1,527	6.3
				20 – 24 years	1,331	5.5
				25 – 39 years	4,159	17.1
				40 – 59 years	6,748	27.7
				Over 60 years	5,953	24.4
				Median Age	41.6 years	

The Department of Health and Senior Services conducted two vulnerability assessments of Missouri counties. The indicators used for these assessments are included in the table below.

Figure 2: Comparison of Indicators for Missouri Vulnerability Assessments

	Opioid Overdose	Both	Bloodborne Infection
Individual Outcomes (Weight x 3)	Opioid-related Substance Use Disorder Treatment (SUDT) Admissions	Drug Overdose Deaths†‡	Bloodborne Illnesses (HIV, Acute and Chronic Hepatitis B, and Acute and Chronic Hepatitis C)†‡
	Self-reported Frequent (>14 Per Month) Poor Mental Health Days	Opioid Misuse Emergency Room (ER) Visits	Hepatitis C Virus Among Ages 18 to 40
		Drug-related Arrests	Injection Drug Use (IDU) Among Persons Receiving SUDT
Community Factors (Weight x 1)		Median Income†‡	
		Poverty†	
		Lack of a High School Education†	
		Unemployment†‡	
		Uninsured†	

† These indicators were considered for the National Vulnerability Assessment.
 ‡ Analysis completed for the National Vulnerability Assessment found these indicators to be more strongly associated with acute hepatitis C virus infection, which was considered a proxy for unsafe injection drug use.
 ‡ Drug Overdose Deaths = (0.5 weight x county of residence rate) + (0.5 weight x county of record rate).

Figure 3: Distribution of Final Ranks

Final Ranks	Quintile Points	Vulnerability Level
1-23	1	
24-46	2	
47-69	3	
70-92	4	
93-115	5	More vulnerable

Figure 3 shows the distribution of the final ranks among five quintiles. In the Missouri vulnerability assessments, Crawford County ranked 115 (5th quintile) for vulnerability to opioid overdoses. Crawford County ranked 115 (5th quintile) for vulnerability to bloodborne infections. In the Missouri assessments, counties in the fifth quintile are considered to be more vulnerable. Please note that Figure 3 shows the distribution when no ties occur. When a tie occurs on a break point, a shift in the distribution may occur.

Figure 4 Missouri Opioid Overdose Vulnerability Assessment

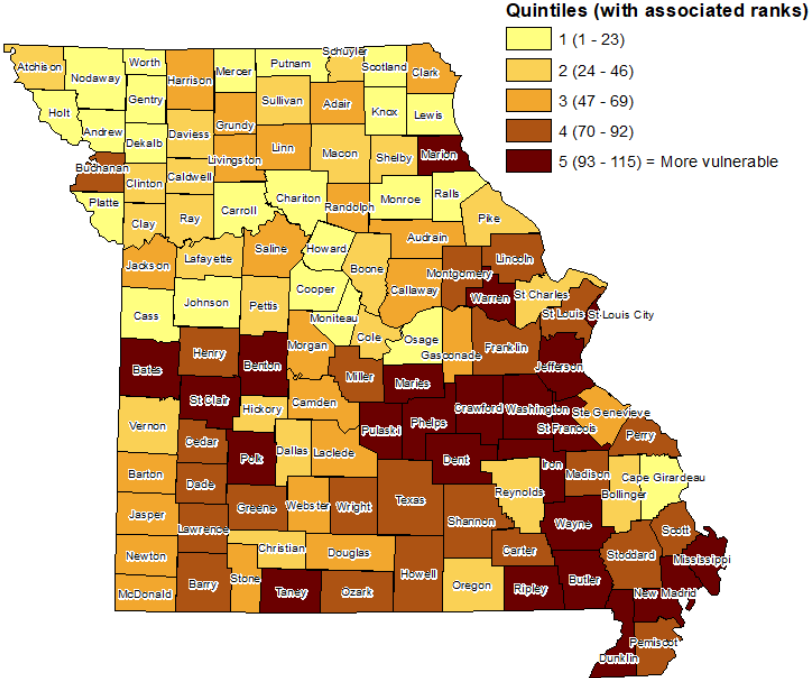


Figure 5: Individual Outcome Indicators

Opioid Overdose Vulnerability Assessment Indicators												
County	Count: Drug Overdose (OD) Deaths by Residence County	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by Residence County	Count: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Count: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Rate: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Count: Opioid-related SUDT	Rate: Opioid-related SUDT	Count: Drug-related Arrests	Rate: Drug-related Arrests	Rate: Self-reported Frequent Poor Mental Health Days	
Crawford	24	32.9	28	38.4	136	1.9	53	219.9	500	2,074.5	18.3	
Missouri	3,784	20.7	3,868	21.1	25,889	1.4	6,754	110.5	43,232	707.2	13.7	

Figure 6
Missouri Bloodborne Infection
Vulnerability Assessment

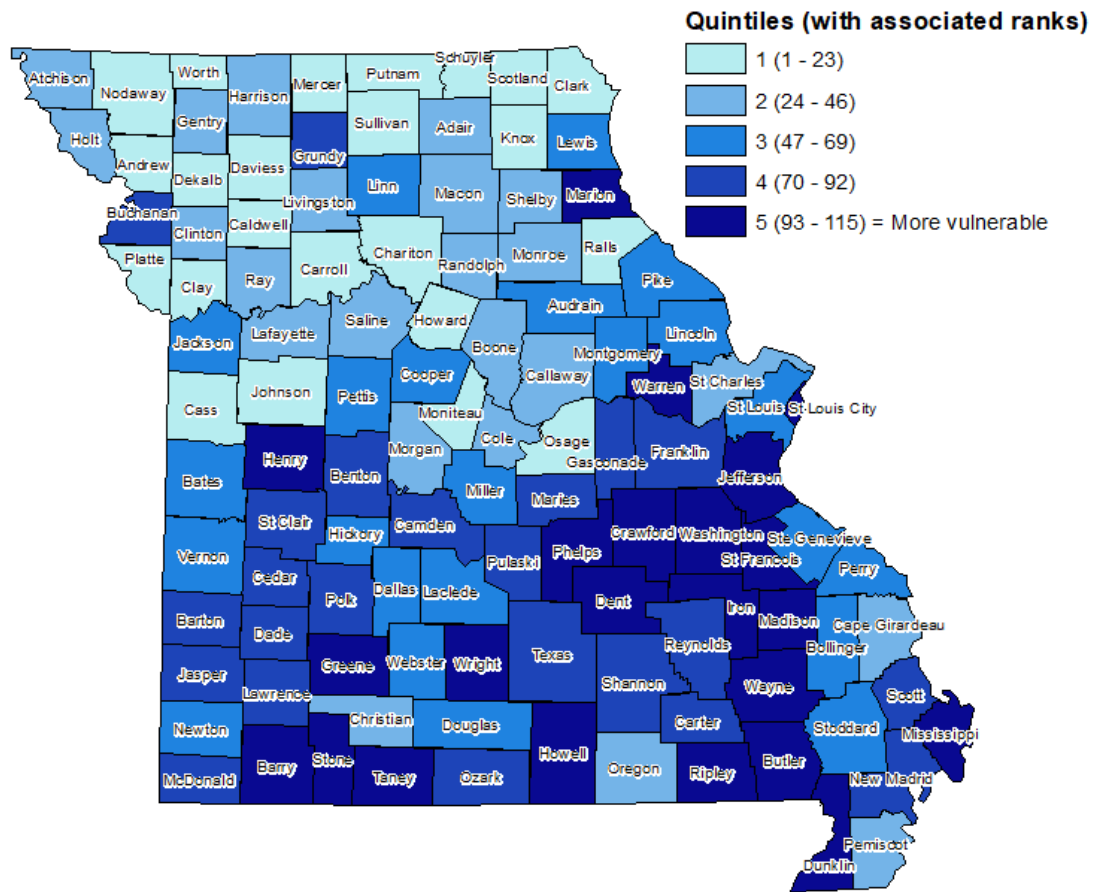


Figure 7: Individual Outcome Indicators

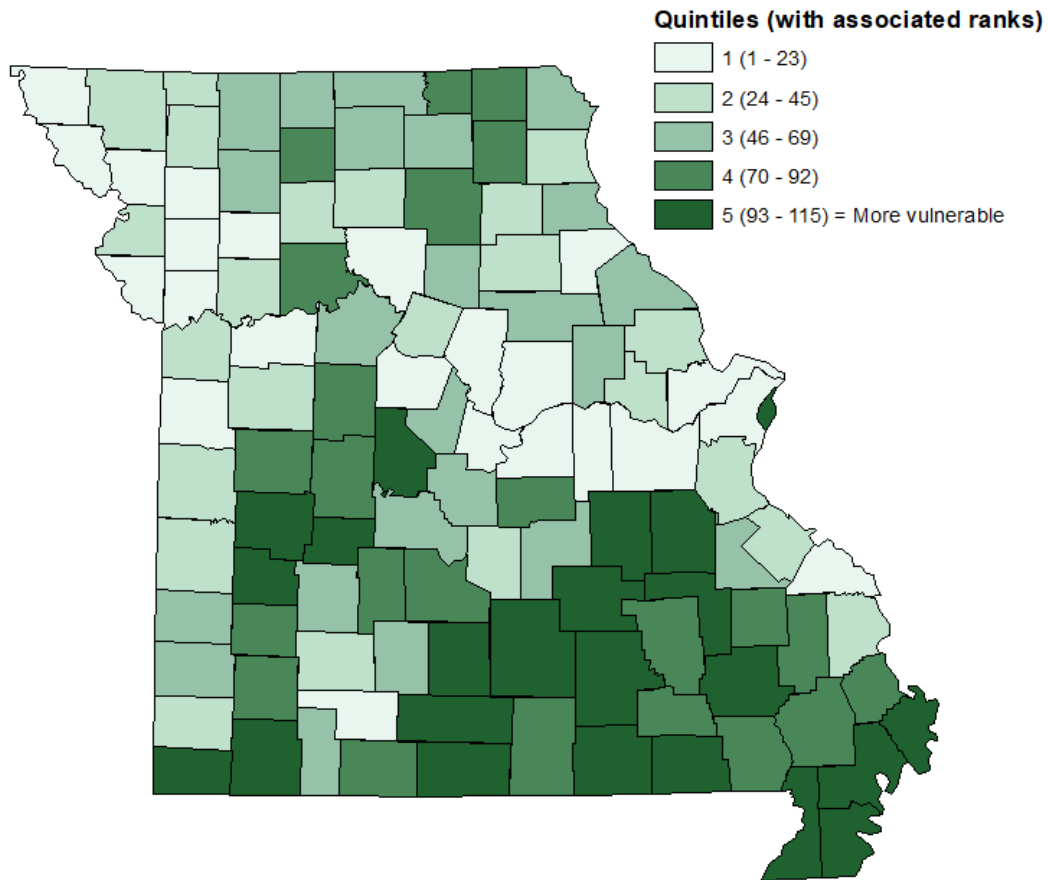
Bloodborne Infection Vulnerability Assessment Indicators														
County	Count: Drug OD Deaths by Residence County	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by Residence County	Count: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Count: HIV, HBV, HCV	Rate: HIV, HBV, HCV	Count: HCV Among Ages 18 to 40	Rate: HCV Among Ages 18 to 40	Count: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Rate: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Count: IDU Among SUDT Recipients	Rate: IDU Among SUDT Recipients	Count: Drug-related Arrests	Rate: Drug-related Arrests
Crawford	24	32.9	28	38.4	123	168.7	66	352.8	136	1.9	44	182.6	500	2,074.5
Missouri	3,784	20.7	3,868	21.1	17,628	96.4	5,532	100.0	25,889	1.4	6,958	113.8	43,232	707.2

Figure 8: Community Factors

Crawford County			
ACS Data 2013-2017	Rate	Rank	Quintile
Lack of a High School Education	23.3%	110	5th
Median Income	\$37,171	95	5th
Poverty	20.0%	83	4th
Unemployment	11.6%	115	5th
Uninsured	16.6%	100	5th

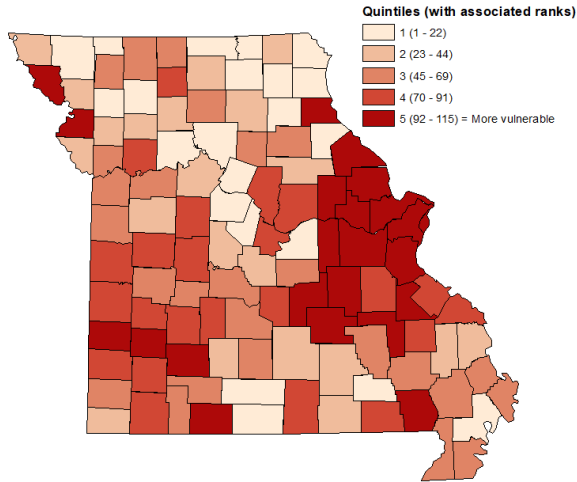
Social and economic factors within a community may impact available resources and influence vulnerability to opioid overdoses and bloodborne infections. Many of these indicators are interrelated. Data are from the Census Bureau's 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS).

**Figure 9
Community Factors
2013-2017**



Selected Individual Outcome Indicators

Figure 10
Opioid Misuse ER Visits
2015-2017



The 2015-2017 number of emergency room visits due to opioid misuse was 136, at a rate of 1.9 per 1,000 residents. This is rank 108 (5th quintile) for this indicator.

Crawford County ranks 113 (5th quintile) on the 2015-2017 combined drug overdose death rate indicator. This indicator considers both the decedent's county of residence and the decedent's county of record, which can be considered a proxy for the location of death.

By county of residence, the 2015-2017 number of Crawford County drug overdose deaths 24, at a rate of 32.9 deaths per 100,000 population.

By county of record, the 2015-2017 number of Crawford County drug overdose deaths was 28, at a rate of 38.4 per 100,000 population.

Figure 11
Drug Overdose Death Ranks
County of Residence 2015-2017

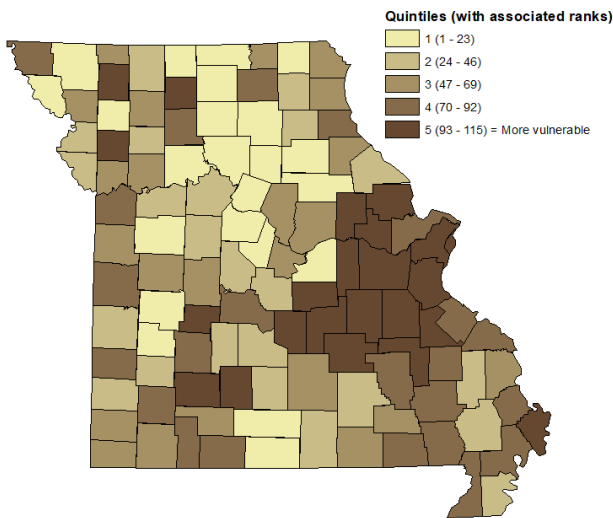
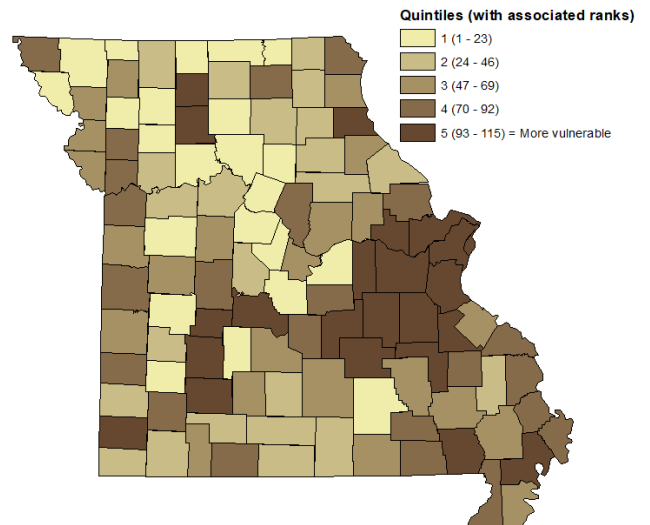


Figure 12
Drug Overdose Death Ranks
County of Record 2015-2017



New cases of reported bloodborne illnesses (acute and chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV), acute and chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV), and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)) for Crawford County totaled 123 for 2016-2018, at a rate of 168.7 per 100,000 residents. This is rank 112 (5th quintile) for bloodborne illnesses.

Per the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), “adults under 40 have the highest rate of new infections, largely because of the opioid crisis.”[†] In Crawford County, 66 new cases of acute and chronic HCV were identified among the 18- to 40-year-old age group in 2016-2018, for a rate of 352.8 per 100,000 residents. Crawford County ranks 113 (5th quintile) for this indicator.

Figure 13
Bloodborne Illnesses
2016-2018

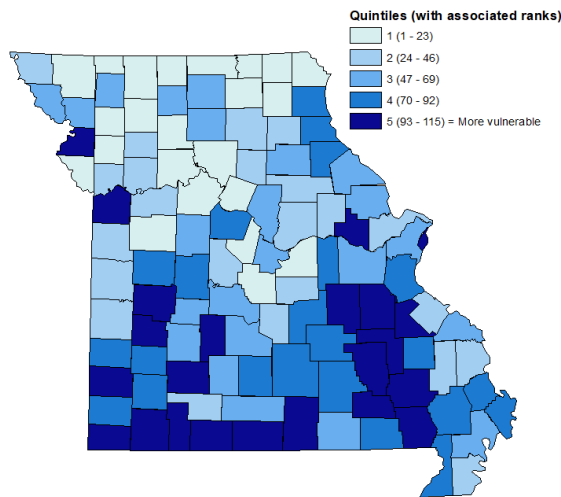
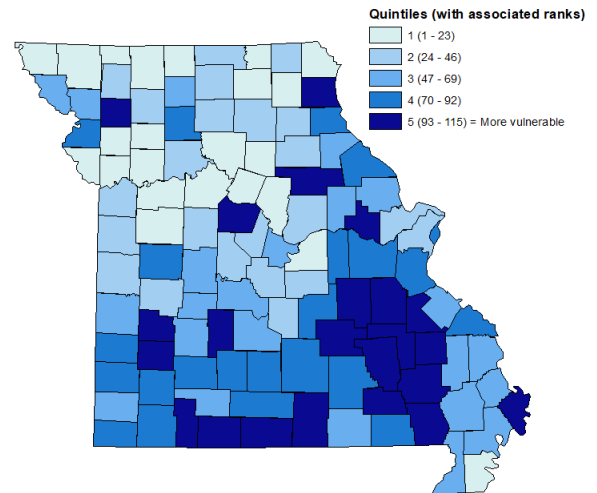


Figure 14
HCV Among Ages 18 to 40
2016-2018



Acute and chronic hepatitis C also significantly impact the 41- to 65-year-old age group. In 2016-2018, there were 39 new cases of acute and chronic hepatitis C identified in this age group, at a rate of 159.3 per 100,000 residents.

Out of 117 acute and chronic HCV cases in Crawford County, 55 (47.0%) were male. For the cases in which race was identified, 0 (0.0%) were African American. However, please interpret race data for HCV with caution, as race was not identified in 53 (45.3%) of all 2016-2018 HCV cases in Crawford County.

[†] Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. CDC Estimates Nearly 2.4 Million Americans Living with Hepatitis C. (November 6, 2018). Accessed October 8, 2019, from <https://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/newsroom/2018/hepatitis-c-prevalence-estimates-press-release.html>.

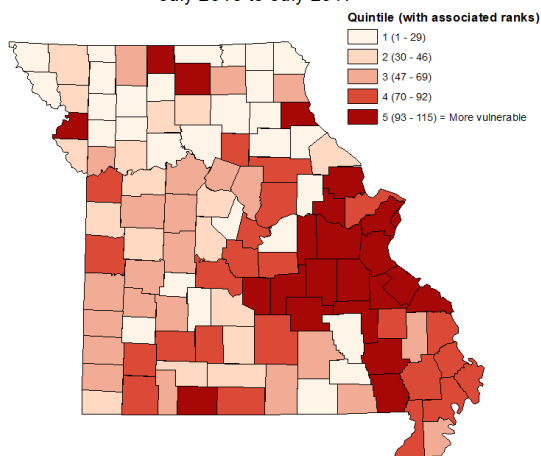
AIDS = Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome

STD = Sexually Transmitted Disease

TB = Tuberculosis

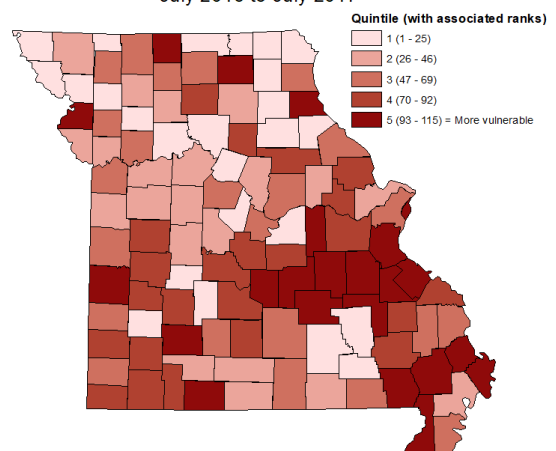
The number of people who received opioid-related substance use disorder treatment from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017 was 53, a rate of 219.9 persons per 100,000 population, placing this county in rank 111 (5th quintile). This indicator was used only in the opioid overdose vulnerability assessment.

Figure 15
Opioid-related Substance Use Disorder Treatment Admissions
July 2016 to July 2017



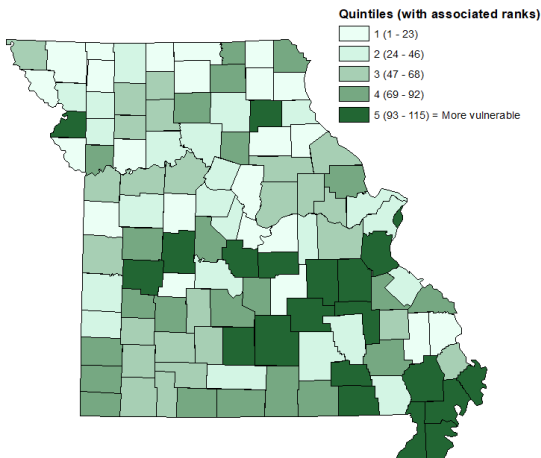
The number of persons receiving substance use disorder treatment and prior to treatment reported injecting drugs was 44, a rate of 182.6 persons per 100,000 population, placing this county in rank 103 (5th quintile). This indicator was used only in the bloodborne infection vulnerability assessment.

Figure 16
Injection Drug Use Among Persons Receiving Substance Use Disorder Treatment
July 2016 to July 2017



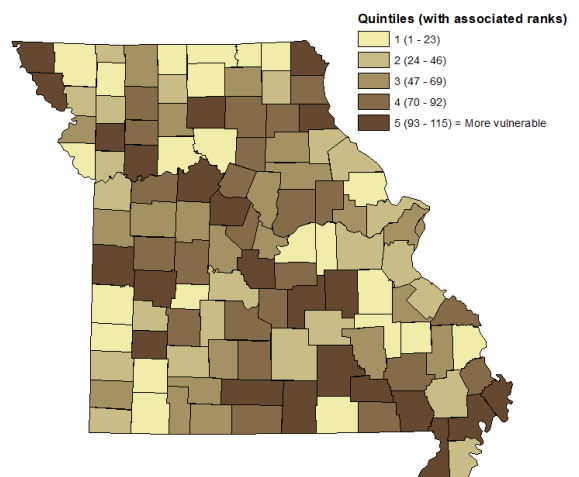
In 2016, 18.3 percent of Crawford County adults 18 years of age or older reported more than 14 poor mental health days per month. This placed Crawford County in rank 101 (5th quintile) for this indicator in the opioid overdose vulnerability assessment.

Figure 17
Self-reported (>14 Per Month) Poor Mental Health Days 2016



Between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017, a total of 500 drug-related arrests occurred in Crawford County, at a rate of 2,074.5 per 100,000 population. This placed Crawford County in rank 112 (5th quintile) for this indicator, which was used in both assessments.

Figure 18
Drug-related Arrests
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017



References

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- Drug-related Arrests: Missouri Department of Mental Health. Calculated from a data file of FY 2017 arrests (as of December 2018) provided by the Division of Behavioral Health on December 3, 2019, and population data from 2017. Rates reported per 100,000 population.
- Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) Among Ages 18 to 40: Missouri DHSS, BRDI. Calculated from 2017 WebSurv data and 2017 population data. Rates reported per 100,000 population.
- Injection Drug Use (IDU) Among Persons Receiving Substance Use Disorder Treatment (SUDT): Missouri Department of Mental Health. Calculated from FY 2017 Alcohol and Drug Use Treatment Data and 2017 population data. Rates reported per 100,000 population. Accessed March 9, 2020, from <https://seow.dmh.mo.gov/TREATMENTADA/TREATMENTADAIndicators.aspx?PATH=Indicators&SID=NEW>.
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- Opioid-related Substance Use Disorder Treatment Admissions: Missouri Department of Mental Health. Calculated from FY 2017 Alcohol and Drug Use Treatment Data and 2017 population data. Rates reported per 100,000 population. Accessed March 9, 2020, from <https://seow.dmh.mo.gov/TREATMENTADA/TREATMENTADAIndicators.aspx?PATH=Indicators&SID=NEW>.
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- Population – Ethnicity: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. B03003 Hispanic or Latino Origin. Accessed March 10, 2020, from American FactFinder at <https://factfinder.census.gov/>.
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Suggested Citation:

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