

# Missouri Opioid Overdose and Bloodborne Infection Vulnerability Assessments Supplementary Data



## **Dunklin County**

Dunklin County is located in the southeast bootheel region of Missouri along the Arkansas border and between years 2013 to 2017 had an estimated population of 30,905. Dunklin County ranks 38 in population size among Missouri's 114 counties plus the independent city of St. Louis. The 2013-2017 unemployment rate in the county was 6.9%. This was higher than the statewide unemployment rate of 5.8%. In 2013-2017, the poverty rate was 26.6%, which was higher than the statewide poverty rate of 14.6%. The median income of the county was \$32,348. The population distribution is as follows:

Figure 1: Dunklin County Population 2013-2017 5-Year Estimates

Demographics – Total Population										
Sex	Count	Percent		Age Group	Percent					
Male	14,856	48.1		0 – 9 years	4,328	14.0				
Female	16,049	51.9		10 – 14 years	7.5					
Race				15 – 19 years	2,261	7.3				
Black/African										
American alone	3,003	9.7		20 – 24 years	1,654	5.4				
White alone	26,118	84.5		25 – 39 years	5,042	16.3				
Other	1,784	5.8		40 – 59 years	8,059	26.1				
Ethnicity				Over 60 years	7,240	23.4				
Hispanic	1,966	6.4		Median Age	39.4 years					
Non-Hispanic	28,939	93.6								

The Department of Health and Senior Services conducted two vulnerability assessments of Missouri counties. The indicators used for these assessments are included in the table below.

Figure 2: Comparison of Indicators for Missouri Vulnerability Assessments

	Opioid Overdose	Both	Bloodborne Infection
Outcomes ht x 3)	Opioid-related Substance Use Disorder Treatment (SUDT) Admissions	Drug Overdose Deaths†‡¥	Bloodborne Illnesses (HIV, Acute and Chronic Hepatitis B, and Acute and Chronic Hepatitis C)†‡
Individual Out (Weight x	Self-reported Frequent (>14 Per Month) Poor Mental Health Days	Opioid Misuse Emergency Room (ER) Visits	Hepatitis C Virus Among Ages 18 to 40
Indiv		Drug-related Arrests	Injection Drug Use (IDU) Among Persons Receiving SUDT
actors 1)		Median Income†‡	
Fact × 1)		Poverty†	
ımunity (Weight		Lack of a High School Education†	
Community (Weight		Unemployment†‡	
Cor		Uninsured†	

<sup>†</sup> These indicators were considered for the National Vulnerability Assessment.

<sup>‡</sup> Analysis completed for the National Vulnerability Assessment found these indicators to be more strongly associated with acute hepatitis C virus infection, which was considered a proxy for unsafe injection drug use.

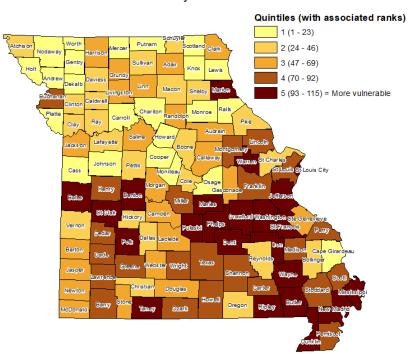
<sup>¥</sup> Drug Overdose Deaths = (0.5 weight x county of residence rate) + (0.5 weight x county of record rate).

**Figure 3: Distribution of Final Ranks** 

Figure 3 shows the distribution of the final ranks among five quintiles. In the Missouri vulnerability assessments, Dunklin County ranked 109 (5th quintile) for vulnerability to opioid overdoses. Dunklin County ranked 103 (5th quintile) for vulnerability to bloodborne infections. In the Missouri assessments, counties in the fifth quintile are considered to be more vulnerable. Please note that Figure 3 shows the distribution when no ties occur. When a tie occurs on a break point, a shift in the distribution may occur.

Final Ranks	Quintile Points	Vulnerability Level
1-23	1	
24-46	2	
47-69	3	
70-92	4	
93-115	5	More vulnerable

Figure 4 Missouri Opioid Overdose Vulnerability Assessment

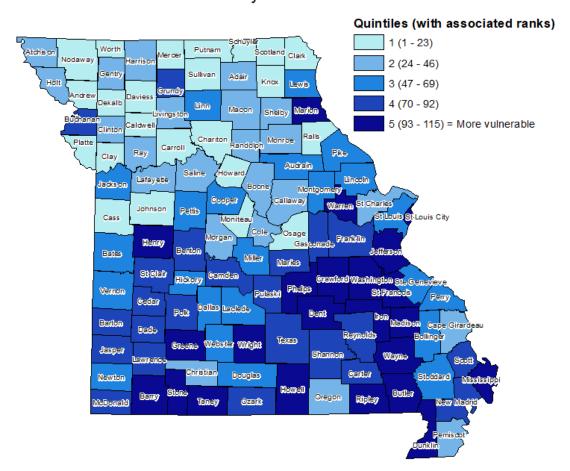


**Figure 5: Individual Outcome Indicators** 

NOTE: Rates based on counts of 1 to 19 are considered unreliable and are shaded in gray.

Opioid Overdose Vulnerability Assessment Indicators											
County	Count: Drug Overdose (OD) Deaths by Residence County	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by Residence County	Count: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Count: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Rate: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Count: Opioid- related SUDT	Rate: Opioid- related SUDT	Count: Drug-related Arrests	Rate: Drug-related Arrests	Rate: Self-reported Frequent Poor Mental Health Days
Dunklin	17	18.6	17	18.6	63	0.7	20	66.4	381	1,265.0	19.1
Missouri	3,784	20.7	3,868	21.1	25,889	1.4	6,754	110.5	43,232	707.2	13.7

Figure 6
Missouri Bloodborne Infection
Vulnerability Assessment



**Figure 7: Individual Outcome Indicators** 

NOTE: Rates based on counts of 1 to 19 are considered unreliable and are shaded in gray.

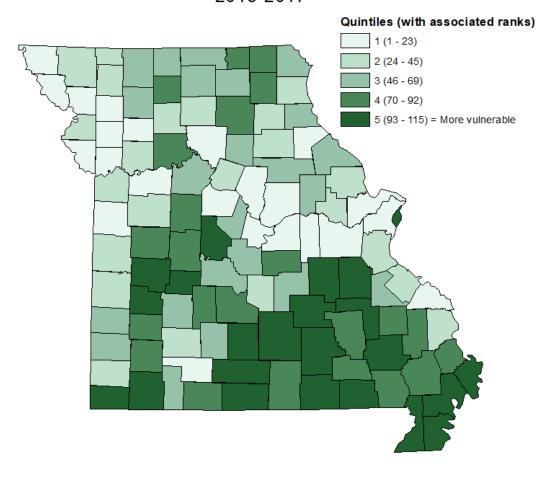
	Bloodborne Infection Vulnerability Assessment Indicators													
County	Count: Drug OD Deaths by Residence County	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by Residence County	Count: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Rate: Drug OD Deaths by County of Record	Count: HIV, HBV, HCV	Rate: HIV, HBV, HCV	Count: HCV Among Ages 18 to 40	Rate: HCV Among Ages 18 to 40	Count: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Rate: Opioid Misuse ER Visits	Count: IDU Among SUDT Recipients	Rate: IDU Among SUDT Recipients	Count: Drug-related Arrests	Rate: Drug-related Arrests
Dunklin	17	18.6	17	18.6	77	84.1	21	88.4	63	0.7	57	189.2	381	1,265.0
Missouri	3,784	20.7	3,868	21.1	17,628	96.4	5,532	100.0	25,889	1.4	6,958	113.8	43,232	707.2

**Figure 8: Community Factors** 

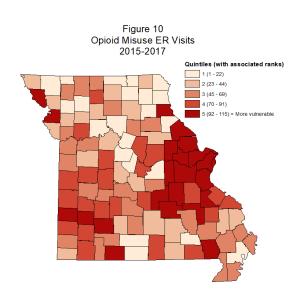
rigare of community ractors											
Dunklin County											
ACS Data 2013-2017 Rate Rank Quintile											
Lack of a High School Education	25.7%	115	5th								
Median Income	\$32,348	110	5th								
Poverty	26.6	111	5th								
Unemployment	6.9	78	4th								
Uninsured	15.1%	90	4th								

Social and economic factors within a community may impact available resources and influence vulnerability to opioid overdoses and bloodborne infections. Many of these indicators are interrelated. Data are from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2013-2017 American Community Survey (ACS).

Figure 9
Community Factors
2013-2017



#### **Selected Individual Outcome Indicators**

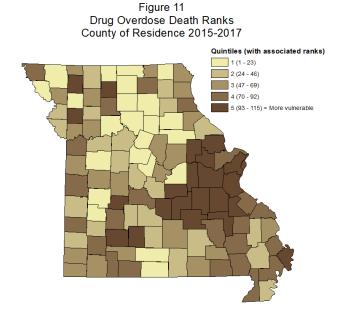


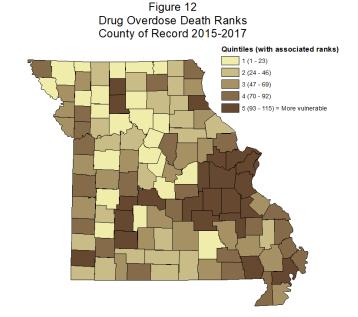
The 2015-2017 number of emergency room visits due to opioid misuse was 63, at a rate of 0.7 visits per 1,000 residents. This is rank 53 (3rd quintile) for this indicator.

Dunklin County ranks 84 (4th quintile) on the 2015-2017 combined drug overdose death rate indicator. This indicator considers both the decedent's county of residence and the decedent's county of record, which can be considered a proxy for the location of death.

By county of residence, the 2015-2017 number of Dunklin County drug overdose deaths was 17, at a rate of 18.6 deaths per 100,000 population.

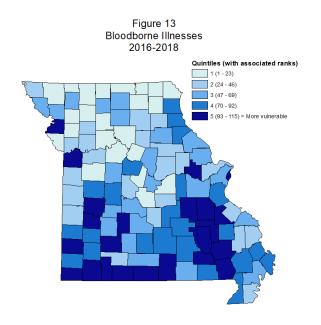
By county of record, the 2015-2017 number of Dunklin County drug overdose deaths was 17, at a rate of 18.6 deaths per 100,000 population.

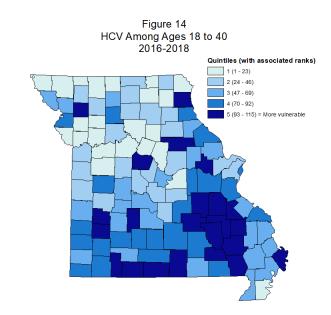




New cases of reported bloodborne illnesses (acute and chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV), acute and chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV), and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)) for Dunklin County totaled 77 new cases for 2016-2018, at a rate of 84.1 cases per 100,000 residents. This is rank 72 (4th quintile) for bloodborne illnesses.

Per the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), "adults under 40 have the highest rate of new infections, largely because of the opioid crisis." In Dunklin County, 21 new cases of acute and chronic HCV were identified among the 18- to 40-year-old age group in 2016-2018, for a rate of 88.4 cases per 100,000 residents. Dunklin County ranks 56 (3rd quintile) for this indicator.





Acute and chronic hepatitis C also significantly impact the 41- to 65-year-old age group. In 2016-2018, there were 45 new cases of acute and chronic hepatitis C identified in this age group, at a rate of 155.3 cases per 100,000 residents.

Out of 69 acute and chronic HCV cases in Dunklin County, 39 (56.5%) were male. For the cases in which race was identified, <5 (<11.9%) were African American. However, please interpret race data for HCV with caution, as race was not identified in 27 (39.1%) of all 2016-2018 HCV cases in Dunklin County.

AIDS = Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome

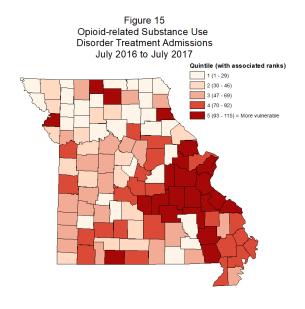
STD = Sexually Transmitted Disease

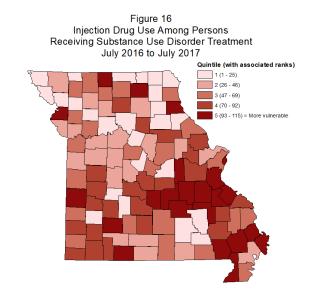
TB = Tuberculosis

<sup>†</sup> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. CDC Estimates Nearly 2.4 Million Americans Living with Hepatitis C. (November 6, 2018). Accessed October 8, 2019, from <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/newsroom/2018/hepatitis-c-prevalence-estimates-press-release.html">https://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/newsroom/2018/hepatitis-c-prevalence-estimates-press-release.html</a>.

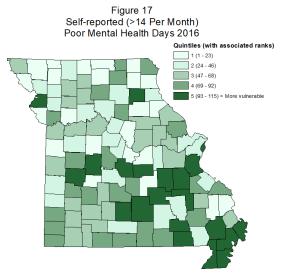
The number of people who received opioid-related substance use disorder treatment from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017 was 20, a rate of 66.4 persons per 100,000 population, placing this county in rank 70 (4th quintile). This indicator was used only in the opioid overdose vulnerability assessment.

The number of persons receiving substance use disorder treatment and prior to treatment reported injecting drugs was 57, a rate of 189.2 persons per 100,000 population, placing this county in rank 106 (5th quintile). This indicator was used only in the bloodborne infection vulnerability assessment.

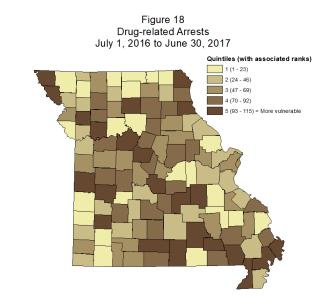




In 2016, 19.1 percent of Dunklin County adults 18 years of age or older reported more than 14 poor mental health days per month. This placed Dunklin County in rank 105 (5th quintile) for this indicator in the opioid overdose vulnerability assessment.



Between July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2017, a total of 381 drug-related arrests occurred in Dunklin County, at a rate of 1,265.0 arrests per 100,000 population. This placed Dunklin County in rank 101 (5th quintile) for this indicator, which was used in both assessments.



#### References

- Bloodborne Illnesses (HIV, HBV, HCV): Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS), Bureau of Reportable Disease Informatics (BRDI). Calculated using 2017 hepatitis B and C data from the WebSurv (Missouri's Communicable Disease Registry) dataset, 2017 HIV and AIDS (stage 4 HIV) data from the eHARS (enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System) dataset, and 2017 population data. Rates reported per 100,000 population.
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- Drug-related Arrests: Missouri Department of Mental Health. Calculated from a data file of FY 2017 arrests (as of December 2018) provided by the Division of Behavioral Health on December 3, 2019, and population data from 2017. Rates reported per 100,000 population.
- Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) Among Ages 18 to 40: Missouri DHSS, BRDI. Calculated from 2017 WebSurv data and 2017 population data. Rates reported per 100,000 population.
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- Median Age: U.S Census Bureau. 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. B01002 Median Age by Sex. Accessed March 10, 2020, from American FactFinder at https://factfinder.census.gov/.
- Median Income: U.S. Census Bureau. 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. S1903 Median Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2017 Inflation-adjusted Dollars). Accessed March 10, 2020, from American FactFinder at https://factfinder.census.gov/.
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- Opioid Misuse Emergency Room Visits: Missouri DHSS, BHCADD. Calculated from 2015-2017 Patient Abstract System data and 2015-2017 population data. Rates reported per 1,000 population.
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   Alcohol and Drug Use Treatment Data and 2017 population data. Rates reported per 100,000 population. Accessed March 9, 2020, from https://seow.dmh.mo.gov/TREATMENTADA/TREATMENTADAIndicators.aspx?PATH=Indicators&SID=NEW.
- Population Age: U.S. Census Bureau. 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. S0101 Age and Sex. Accessed March 10, 2020, from American FactFinder at <a href="https://factfinder.census.gov/">https://factfinder.census.gov/</a>.
- Population Ethnicity: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. B03003 Hispanic or Latino Origin. Accessed March 10, 2020, from American FactFinder at https://factfinder.census.gov/.
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### **Suggested Citation:**

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